

SAZONOV, R.M.

"Direct methods for the solution of three-dimensional and contact problems for blocks and foundations" by L.P.Vynokirov.  
Reviewed by R.M.Sazonov. Prykl.mekh. 4 no.3:349-350 '58.  
(MIRA 13:8)

(Structures, Theory of)

VAYNBERG, D.V., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof. (Kiyev); SAZONOV, R.M., kand.-  
tekhn.nauk, dotsent (Kiyev); SEMENOV, P.I., kand.tekhn.nauk,  
dotsent (Kiyev)

Designing corrugated shells. Rasch.prostr.konstr. no.7:49-71  
'62. (MIRA 15:4)  
(Roofs, Shell)

SAZONOV, R.P., inzhener.

Condensate collection and utilization of its heat in  
industrial plants. Prom.energ. 11 no.1:28-31 Ja '56.  
(Steam power plants) (MLRA 9:6)

SAZONOV, R.P., inzhener.

Improving the design and thermal characteristics of shell and tube  
water heaters. Prom. energ. 11 no.10:14-17 0 '56. (MIRA 9:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy teplotekhnicheskiy institut.  
(Water heaters)

SAZONOV, R.P.

Apparatus for heating water with steam. Adm.-byt. komb. ugol'.  
shakht. no.4:70-79 '61. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy teplotekhnicheskiy institut im. F.E.Dzerzhinskogo.  
(Water heaters)

LAPOTYSHKINA, N.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; SAZONOV, R.P., inzh.

Experience in using magnetic water treatment in a closed heat supply network. Elek.sta. 32 no.6:27-28 Je '61. (MIRA 14:8)  
(Heating from central stations) (Water--Purification)

SOKOLOV, Ye.Ya., doktor tekhn. nauk; SAZONOV, R.P., inzh.; DUBNITSKAYA, L.Ye.,  
inzh.

Protection of local hot water supply systems from internal corrosion.  
Elek. sta. 35 no.8:27-32 Ag '64. (MIRA 17:12)

SAZONOV, R.P., inzh.

Corrosion of towel-dryer registers in hot-water supply systems  
and measures for controlling it. Vod. i san. tekhn. no.11:31-33  
N '64. (MIRA 18:2)

S. Sazonov, S.

AUTHOR:

Sazonov, S.

2-3-2/14

TITLE:

Computer-Stations, the Technical Base of Centralized Statistical Registration and Surveys (Mashinoschetnyye stantsii - tekhnicheskaya baza tsentralizatsii ucheta i statistiki)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Statistiki, 1957, No 3, May-June, pp 14-19 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The computer stations which are presently being organized at the statistical offices including the Central Statistical Office of USSR (TsSU SSSR), are of paramount importance for the state statistics system. The current radical re-organization of administration brings great changes to the administrative system as well as to the state statistics system. The new, territorial administration principle will enable a centralized survey and statistics system, along with a radical abridgement and simplification of the accounting and reporting practices. N. S. Khrushchev pointed out in the 7th session of the Supreme Soviet, the necessity of an extensive mechanization of statistical work - computers at the statistical offices. Till now, the TsSU SSSR and the local statistical offices evaluated the yearly indexes by the reports of industrial enterprises and construction units within a wide scope of programs of industry branches, and

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Computer-Stations, the Technical Base of Centralized Statistical Registration and Surveys

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did not concern themselves with collecting current reports. The current reports went from the enterprises to ministries and other administrative offices, from where the data were directed to statistical offices in the form of summary reports. The ministries and central administrative offices, financial organizations, banks, as well as some more institutions also collected reports, this time considerably more detailed. From now on, only the statistical offices will collect reports. Since the TsSU and all its offices throughout the country will have to collect and process reports from more than 200,000 industrial enterprises and more than 100,000 construction units, the importance of the computer stations is evident. These stations will start their work with the reports of June 1957. At first, the industrial plants and construction units only will report in the new way: the other branches of state economy will follow suit later. The mechanization of accounting and reporting will free a considerable number of workers who are occupied with statistical calculations. Preparation of the stations is at the present time in the final stage. The equipment is arriv-

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and Surveys

ing and the personnel is being prepared. Altogether there will be 107 stations: 70 in RSFSR, 11 in the Ukr. SSR, 9 in the Kazakh SSR, 4 in the Uzbek SSR, and 1 in each of the remaining republics, with branch offices in separate oblast's. The Central Statistical Office of RSFSR (Statisticheskoye Upravleniye RSFSR) will have a station with 4 sets of calculators operating on punched cards (sчетно-перфолистованный -) and about 150 keyboard operated calculators (счетно-клавишный -). The station of Leningrad and the Leningrad oblast' will have 4 sets of the card-operated and about 80 keyboard-machines. Its personnel will be about 160. Such stations will be organized in Moskva, in Kiyev (at the Statistical Office of the Ukrainian SSR), in Minsk (at the Statistical Office of BSSR). Alma-Ata, Sverdlovsk and Stalino will have smaller stations, with 3 sets of card machines. The Alma-Ata station will have about 50 keyboard machines in addition to the 3 sets of card machines. The personnel of these smaller stations will be about 85. The stations of large industrial towns like Gor'kiy, Kuybyshev, Baku, Stalingrad, Tbilisi, Khar'kov, Voroshilovgrad, will have 2 sets of card machines and about

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30 keyboard machines. Their personnel will be 75. Some stations of oblast's and autonomous republics will have keyboard machines only, such as in Yakutsk with 7 adding, 8 computing and 1 bookkeeper's counting machine, and a personnel of 20. Like stations will be in Murmansk, Chita, Magadan, Yuzhno-Sakhalinsk and some other towns. The stations serving the large economic regions will be the proper place for electronic computers. The Central Counting Machine-Station of the TsSU SSSR and the largest of the statistical office stations will have to be equipped with such electronic computers in future. In this connection, it is to be pointed out that the design of the existing electronic computers will have to be changed to provide for a faster input of data and a faster output of results. The Central station of the TsSU SSSR should be directly connected by teleprinters with the stations in republics, krays and oblast's. To enable other statistical offices to process the data fast enough and to convey them in time to the statistical office of the republic or to the local administration, they will also be provided with counting machines. After the statistical offices, the

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and Surveys

rayon-inspections of TsSU will be provided with counting machines, which will enable them to centralize faster the materials within the rayon. Operators for counting machines will be prepared in a 1.5 to 2-month course. Preparation of mechanics will require from 7 to 8 months. Medium school education is necessary for both of these personnel categories, and the mechanics must also have some former experience. The selection and placing of workers for accepting and issuing statistical materials, as well as of the leading personnel of computer stations will constitute the most complex of the personnel problems. These latter workers must well know how to operate the machines and also know the processing procedures of statistical materials and the instructions for composing the reports. They must also have a certain amount of experience in statistical work.

All received statistical material must be carefully scrutinized since any mistake can distort the results. Every mistake in reports of plants or enterprises must be revealed and eliminated before giving the report in to mechanized processing. The centralized survey and statistics combined with central

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Computer-Stations, the Technical Base of Centralized Statistical Registration  
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statewide planning and financing are a powerful lever against the possible local tendencies to build up a separate economy within a region and against the cases of non-compliance with state discipline. The Soyuzmashuchet TsSU SSSR will play a large part in organization of new stations. This office is by now occupied mainly with the projecting of stations and with assistance to statistic offices in assembling of equipment and provisions of materials and equipment. The different report forms must be consolidated. The Soviet plants are at the time producing yearly only about 2000 card machines, like tabulators, sorting machines, perforating machines. Of 10-key machines only a few are being produced, of multi-key tabulators - none at all. There is also no production of bookkeeper machines, invoice machines and some more of needed counting machines. The Ryazan' plant produces adding machines of obsolete design and poor quality. Quantity production of the acutely needed counting machines must be organized in the shortest possible time.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 6/6

AUTHORS: Sazonov, S., Dzhaparidze, V. 2-58-3-7/17

TITLE: On the Organization of State Statistics in the German Democratic Republic (Ob organizatsii gosudarstvennoy statistiki v Germanskoy demokraticeskoy respublike)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Statistiki, 1958, Nr 3, pp 32-46 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article is a report by the following employees of the USSR Central Statistical Administration, (Sazonov, S.V.; Dzhaparidze, V.V.; Malychev, S.V., Statistical Administration of White Russian SSR; Melekhin, V.V., Leningrad Factory of Mechanized Calculations; and Nikitin, L.A., Moscow Repair-Mechanical Calculating Machine Factory) of a visit in October-November 1957 to East Germany. The visitors were impressed by the Germans' efficient organization and rapid processing of statistical material. A numeral system of product nomenclature for feeding statistics into calculating machines is praised, as are examples of standard forms for completion by industrial undertakings and firms and farms in state, co-operative and private sectors. Budget analysis is inefficiently carried out, however, and calculating station mechanization and organization is rather backward by Soviet standards, although computers and punchcard calculating

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2-58-3-7/17

On the Organization of State Statistics in the German Democratic Republic

machines produced by the Factory for Electronic Calculating Machines in Karl Marx-Stadt and the Rheinmetall Factory in Sömmerda (Thüringen) come in for praise. The Germans are commended for their success in producing full and reliable statistical abstracts, popularizing their statistical material, and using highly efficient photographic reproduction methods.

There is one table and two forms.

Card 2/2

SAZONOV S. A. AND KHISIN Ya O

Azot V Slantsakh I Slantsevykh Smolakh, Goryuchiye Slantsy, 1933, No 2,26

SO:

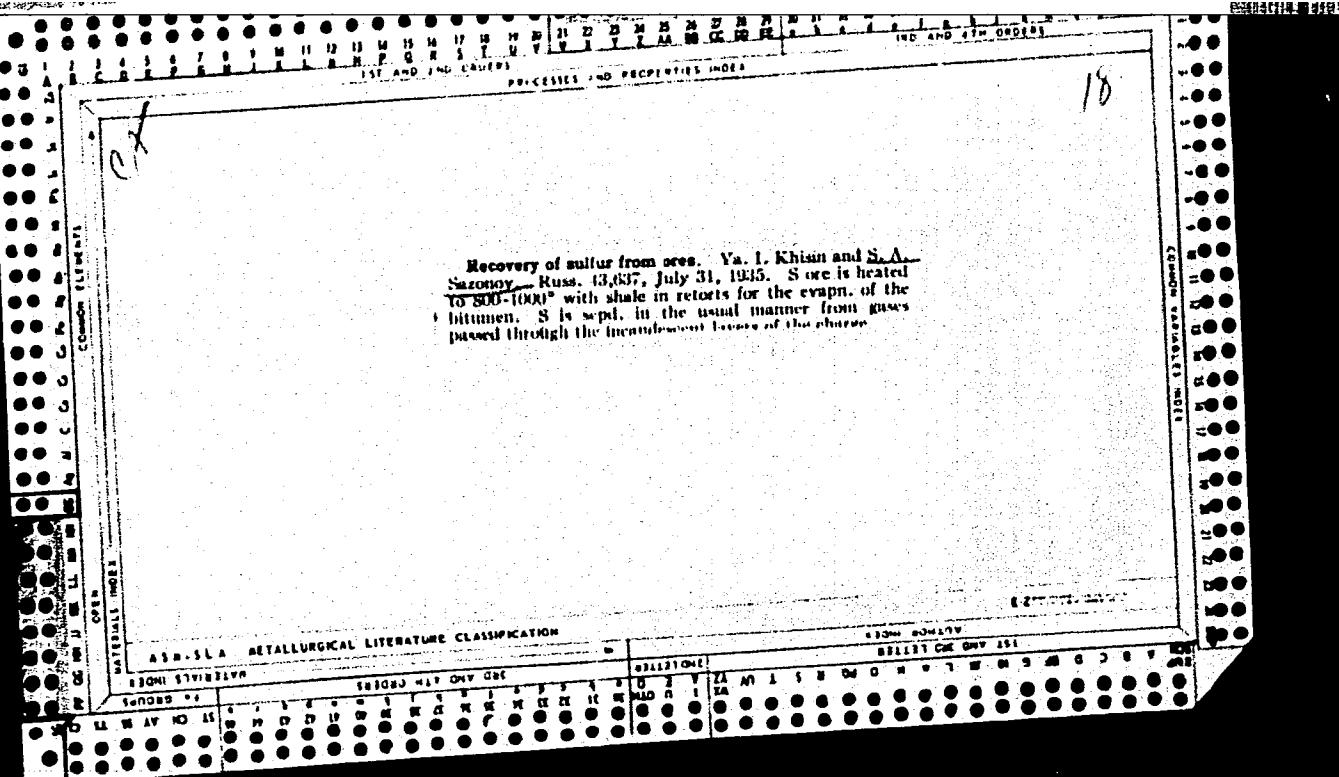
Goryuchiye Slantsy # 1934-35, TN .871  
G .74

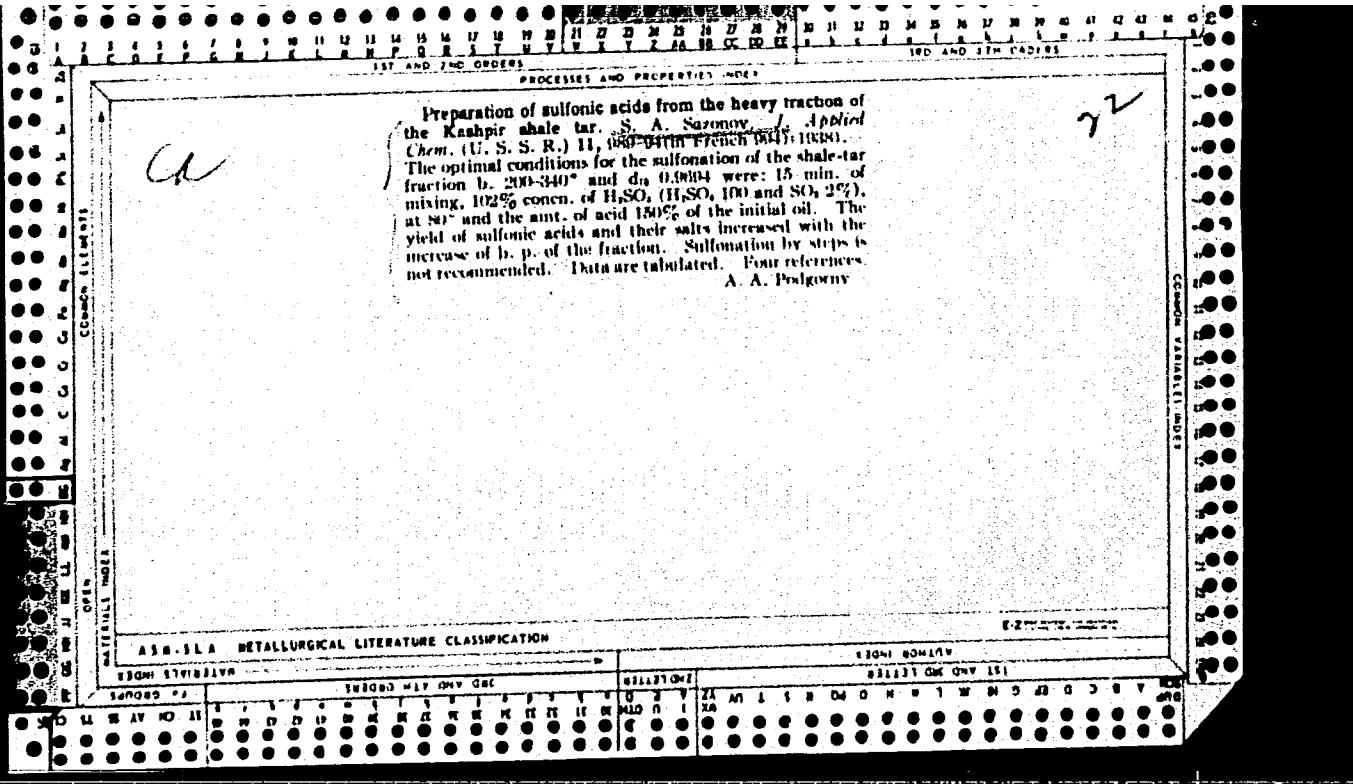
SAZONOV, S. A. KHISIN, Ya O

Sernokislotnaya Ochistka Slantsevykh Smol, Goryuchiye Slantsy,  
1933, No 6,64

SC:

Goryuchiye Slantsy # 1934-35, TN .871  
G .74





CD

22

Transformation of sulfur in the thermal treatment of the Kashpir shale. S. A. Sazonov. *J. Applied Chem.* (U. S. S. R.) 12, 1187-107 (in French, 1190) (1930).—The org. S compds. of the Kashpir shale are thermally very unstable and S passes mainly into tar and gas. An increase of the length of passage of pyrogenous gas decreased the H<sub>2</sub>S content in gas, which was especially important in coking of shale with the cracking of tar for the prepn. of gas having high calorific value. An increase of org. S in the shale presumably increased the percentage of S in tar, while the pyrite S caused an increase of H<sub>2</sub>S in gas.  
A. A. Podgorny

## ASH-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

EDITION	EDITION	EDITION
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SASONOV, S.A.

202. COKING COALS OF THE KUZNETSK BASIN. Sasonov, S.A. (Koks i  
Khim. (Coke & Chem., Moscow), 1956, (3), 5-7). The coking quality of  
Kuzbass coals varies greatly from one seam to another and even from one part

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KASHCHENKO, D.S.; SAZENOV, S.A.

Coke and its use in blast furnaces for the production of iron.  
Koks i khim.no.6:21-26 '56. (MIRA 9.10)

- 1.Glavtrubestal' Ministerstva cherney metallurgii SSSR (for Kashchenko).
- 2.Glavkeks Ministerstva cherney metallurgii SSSR (for Sazenev).  
(Coke) (Iron) (Blast furnaces)

SAZONOV, S.A.

AFONIN, K.B.; BURTSEV, K.I.; BYSTROV, S.N.; VINETS, G.B.; VODNEV, G.G.; VORONIN, A.S.; GEVLICH, A.S.; GRYAZNOV, N.S.; GUDIM, A.F.; GUSYATINSKIY, M.A.; DVORIN, S.S.; DUDENKO, V.Ye.; DMITRIYEV, M.M.; DONDE, M.M.; DOROGOBID, G.M.; ZHDANOV, G.I.; ZAGORUL'KO, A.I.; ZELENETSKIY, A.G.; IVASHCHENKO, Ya.N.; KAFTAN, S.I.; KVASHA, A.S.; KIREYEV, A.D.; KLISHEVSKIY, G.S.; KOZYREV, V.P.; KOLOBOV, V.N.; LGALOV, K.I.; LEYTES, V.A.; LERNER, B.Z.; LOBODA, N.S.; LUBINETS, I.A.; MANDRYKIN, I.I.; MUSTAFIN, F.A.; NEPIROVSKIY, N.Kh.; NEFEDOV, V.A.; OBUKHOVSKIY, Ya.M.; PAKTSEV, M.A.; PETROV, I.D.; PODOROZHANSKIY, M.O.; POPOV, A.P.; RAK, A.I.; REVYAKIN, A.A.; ROZHkov, A.P.; ROZENGAUZ, D.A.; SAZONOV, S.A.; SIGALOV, M.B.; STOMAKHIN, Ya.B.; TARASOV, S.A.; FILIPPov, B.S.; FRIDMAN, N.K.; FRISHEBERG, V.D.; KHAR'KOVSKIY, K.V.; KHOLOPTSEV, V.P.; TSAREV, M.N.; TSOGLIN, M.E.; CHERNYY, I.I.; CHERTOK, V.T.; SHILKOV, A.K.

Samuil Berisovich Bamme. Keks i khim. no. 6:64 '56. (MLRA 9:10)  
(Bamme, Samuil Berisovich, 1910-1956)

68-58-4-16/21

AUTHORS: Filippov, B. S., Candidate of Technical Sciences,  
Sazonov, S. A., Engineer and Shchukin, P. A., Candidate  
of Technical Sciences

TITLE: Summary of the Conference of Workers of the Coking  
Industry in Poland (Itogi konferentsii rabotnikov  
koksokhimicheskoy promyshlennosti v Pol'she)

PERIODICAL: Koks i Khimiya, 1958, Nr 4, pp 54-58 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The conference took place on October 26 to November 2, 1957.  
More than 200 delegates were present. The problems of  
resources of coking raw materials, improvements in the  
production of coke, and new methods of coking gas and  
non-coking long flame coals were mainly discussed. The  
contents of the papers read are given in general terms.

1. Coal--Processing    2. Coke--Production

Card 1/1

SOV/68-59-9-3/22

AUTHOR: Sazonov, S.A.

TITLE: Coking Coals of the Kuznetsk Basin

PERIODICAL: Koks i khimiya, 1959, Nr 9, pp 7 - 9 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Changes in the proportions and quality of coals delivered for coking from the Kuznetsk Basin are discussed. It is shown that there is a continuous trend towards decreasing the proportion of better coking coals - Table 1; and to some extent a deterioration in the properties of coals of the same type - Table 2, delivered in successive years. This is explained by an insufficient number of sinking new shafts for coking and fat coals (during 1950 - 1958 only three new mines were put into operation) and the slow rate of increasing the capacity and efficiency of coal washeries. The latter fact causes a considerable tonnage of coking coals being used in power generation - Table 3. It is concluded that the development of new mines for winning coking and fat coals as well as of coal beneficiation plants should be speeded up. The construction of coke oven batteries utilising stamped charging linked with preferential crushing of coals should be started. VUKhIN should prepare design data for Giprokokks for air ellutriation

Card 1/2

SOV/68-59-9-3/22

Coking Coals of the Kuznetsk Basin

plants which should replace electrically heated screens.  
The problem of application of Pechor fat coals for coking  
in Ural works should be solved. At present a large  
proportion of these coals is utilised in power generation.  
There are 3 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Gosplan RSFSR

Card 2/2

FRISHBERG, V.D.; SAZONOV, S.A.

Developing the resources of raw materials for coking in the  
East of the U.S.S.R. Koks i khim. no.5:6-9 '60.  
(MIRA 13:7)

1. Vostochnyy uglekhimicheskiy institut (for Frishberg).  
2. Gosplan RSFSR (for Sazonov).  
(Coke industry)

DVORIN, S.S.; ZHITOV, B.N.; LERNER, R.Z.; MAKAROV, G.N.; SAZONOV, S.A.;  
SYSKOV, K.I.

Cooking of preheated coals as a method of intensifying the production  
of coke and improving its quality. Trudy MKHTI no.28:28-37 '59.  
(MIRA 13:11)

(Coal--Carbonization)

KASHCHENKO, D.S.; SAZONOV, S.A.

Coke and its use in blast furnaces for the production of iron.  
(MLRA 9'10)  
Koks i khim.no.6:21-26 '56.

- 1.Glavtrubestal' Ministerstva cherney metallurgii SSSR (for Kashchenko).  
2.Glavkoks Ministerstva cherney metallurgii SSSR (for Sazonov).  
(Coke) (Iron) (Blast furnaces)

BERLIN, L.Ye., inzh.; MIRKIN, R.D., inzh.; SAZONOV, S.G., inzh.

Mastics for sealing joints of exterior wall panels. Stroi.  
mat. 9 no.10:22-24 0 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

PARTIGUL, S.P.; TITEL'BAUM, N.P.; SAZONOV, S.V., redaktor; DEMINA, V.N.,  
redaktor; MELET'YEV, A.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Soviet commerce; a statistical compendium] Sovetskaya torgovlia;  
statisticheskii sbornik. Moskva, Gos. statisticheskoe izd-vo, 1956.  
351 p. (MIRA 9:10)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) TSentral'noye statisticheskoye  
upravleniye.  
(Russia--Commerce)

SAZONOV, S.V., red.; MAKAROVA, O.K., red.

[Soviet trade; a statistical abstract] Sovetskaya torgovlia;  
statisticheskii sbornik. Moskva, Statistika, 1964. 502 p.  
(MIRA 17:9)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Tsentral'noye statisticheskoye  
upravleniye. 2. Zamestitel' nachal'nika Tsentral'nogo sta-  
tisticheskogo upravleniya SSSR (for Sazonov).

274000

21386  
S/194/61/000/009/038/053  
D256/D302

AUTHOR: Antonov, A.K., Vasilevskiy, N.N., Naumenko, A.I.  
and Sazonov, S.Ya.

TITLE: Pressure and volume-pulse recording by a tensometric method

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika,  
no. 9, 1961, 6, abstract 9 E45 (Fiziol. zh. SSSR,  
1961, 47, no. 2, 275-279)

TEXT: The absolute values of the pressure and its rapid as well as slow variations can be measured for medical purposes by the tensometric methods. For the pressure measurements a special unit was devised consisting of two hermetically enclosed halves divided by the sensing membrane. A capsule or a hypodermic needle for sensing the pressure respectively in a cavity or inside a blood vessel were connected to the bottom part of the unit filled with a liquid. In the top part constantan stress-gauges of 200 - 300 ohm

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Pressure and volume-pulse...

resistance were glued to the membrane. For volume-pulse measurements the unit consisted merely of the top part with the sensing membrane, and it was used by placing it in contact with the skin at the projection of an artery. A TGY-2 (TSU-2)-type multichannel tensometric unit was employed to amplify the signals so that several physiological processes could be recorded simultaneously. A carrying frequency of 3500 cs/sec from a R-C generator is used for amplification in each channel. The amplified signals rectified and filtered were displayed on a M10-2 (MPO-2)-type oscilloscope, the sensitivity of the instrument being adjustable. For calibration mercury or water manometers were used according to the purpose. The described instruments are suitable for absolute measurements of the following pressures: arterial, venous, intra-ocular; and for recording pulses: temple, somnous, radial, thigh, knee and intra-abdominal and also for recording their rapid and slow variations. The apparatus is comparatively simple in operation. 4 references.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

SAZONOV, S.Ya.;

Effect of hypoxemia and hypercapnia on the intraocular pressure  
and the tonus of intraocular vessels. Fiziol. zhur. 51 no.9:  
1057-1065 S '65. (NIRA 18:9)

1. Kafedra oftal'mologii i kafedra fiziologii I Meditsinskogo  
instituta imeni I.P.Pavlova, Leningrad.

L 29211-66

ACC NR: AF6019080

SOURCE CODE: UR/0239/65/051/005/0585/0592  
*24*  
*B*

AUTHOR: Sazonov, S. Ya.

ORG: Department of Ophthalmology, First Medical Institute im. I. P. Pavlov, Leningrad(Kafedra oftal'mologii I Meditsinskogo instituta); Department of Normal Physiology, First Medical Institute im. I. P. Pavlov, Leningrad(Kafedra normal'noy fiziologii I Meditsinskogo instituta)

TITLE: Relation between intraocular pressure and systemic blood pressure *22*

SOURCE: Fiziologicheskiy zhurnal SSSR, v. 51, no. 5, 1965, 585-592

TOPIC TAGS: blood pressure, dog, cat, pharmacology, brain, animal physiology

ABSTRACT: The relation between the intraocular pressure and the systemic blood pressure determined by measurements of the blood pressure in the femoral artery was studied in experiments with dogs and cats. Data obtained on alterations of the intraocular pressure with normal respiratory oscillations of the blood pressure and in experiments in which the blood pressure was changed by irritation of the peripheral end of the vagus or by blood transfusions indicated that the changes in intraocular pressure are parallel to those in blood pressure. In the experiments in which data to that effect were obtained, the tonus of intraocular blood vessels did not change. The magnitude of the parallel change in intraocular pressure was nine times lower in dogs and eleven times lower in cats than that of the change in the blood pressure. Upon rapid and large changes in the blood

UDC: 612.1/3

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ACC NR: AP6019080

pressure produced by blood-letting, parallelism between the intraocular pressure and the systemic blood pressure was observed only for 2-4 secs; after this, the local compensatory mechanism in the eyes began to operate and the parallelism disappeared. Parallelism was also absent upon intravenous injection of listenone, a drug with an activity of the curare type, because this drug produced dilation of intraocular blood vessels with a corresponding increase in the intraocular pressure. In asphyxia an intraocular pressure was observed which was higher than that which would have corresponded to the systemic blood pressure under normal conditions, because dilation of the blood vessels in the brain and apparently also in the eyes took place. Formulas were derived for the calculation of the intraocular pressure on the basis of the systemic blood pressure or local reaction of the intraocular blood vessels and coefficients determined for the dependence of the intraocular pressure on the systemic blood pressure for cats and dogs.

Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 1 table. *[SPRS]*  
SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 08Sep64/ ORIG REF: 008/ OTH REF: 007

Card 2/2 CC

L 29016-66 EWT(1) SCTB DD

ACC NR: AP6018857

SOURCE CODE: UR/0239/65/051/009/1057/1065

28

B

AUTHOR: Sazonov, S. Ya.

ORG: Department of Ophthalmology, First Medical Institute, im. I. P. Pavlov, Leningrad (Kafedra oftalmologii I Meditsinskogo instituta); Department of Physiology, First Medical Institute im. I. P. Pavlov, Leningrad (Kafedra fiziologii I Meditsinskogo instituta)

TITLE: Effect of hypoxemia and hypercapnia on the intraocular pressure and the tonus of intraocular vessels

SOURCE: Fiziologicheskiy zhurnal SSSR, v. 51, no. 9, 1965, 1057-1065

TOPIC TAGS: hypoxemia, hypercapnia, cat, dog, hypoxia, blood pressure, animal physiology

ABSTRACT: In experiments with cats and dogs, hypercapnia produced by inhalation of air with an increased CO<sub>2</sub> content and hypoxemia produced by reduction of air pressure in a pressure chamber resulted in a rapid increase in intraocular pressure. The effect of hypercapnia in increasing the pressure which set in with a high frequency and degree of reproducibility at CO<sub>2</sub> concentrations of 10-20%, was more pronounced than that of hypoxia. Asphyxia due to hypoxemia invariably produced a strong increase in intraocular pres-

UDC: 612.273+612.84

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L 29016-66

ACC NR: AP6018857

sure. The increase in intraocular pressure was not a reliable index of the reaction of intraocular blood vessels, because the general blood pressure also had an effect on the latter. One may assume that while the tonus of intraocular vessels affected to a significant extent the intraocular pressure, the intraocular pressure did not necessarily exert an effect on the intraocular vascular tonus. Apparently the blood vessels of the retina reacted very rapidly to a shortage of O<sub>2</sub> or an excess of CO<sub>2</sub>, just like the blood vessels of the brain. A distention of the blood vessels of the choridea and of the uveal tract took place, the reaction of the vessels of the uveal tract, which formed the most essential part of the mechanism, producing an increase in the intraocular pressure. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 2 tables. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 08Sep64 / ORIG REF: 013 / OTH REF: 012

Card 2/2 BLG

SAZONOV, T.P.; BULYNKO, Ye.S., FINOGENOV, V.N.; TIKHOMIROV, V.P.; PAMYATNYKH,  
L.S.

Change in the mining industry to the shorter working day and new  
wage scale. Gor.zhur.no.5:8-14 My '60. (MIRA 14:3)  
(Mining industry and finance)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001447510019-9

SAZONOV, V., podpolkovnik, komandir polka

High firing skill for young officers. Komm. Vooruzh. Sil 46  
no.22:32-36 N '65.

(MIRA 19:1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001447510019-9"

SOV/52-3-2-8/10

AUTHOR: Sazonov, V.

TITLE: On Characteristic Functionals (Zamechaniye o kharakteristi-  
cheskikh funktsionalakh)PERIODICAL: Teoriya veroyatnostey i yeye primeneniya, 1958, Vol III,  
Nr 2, pp 201-205 (USSR)ABSTRACT: Two conditions can be shown for the case of separable  
Hilbert space  $H$  with the functional  $\chi(f)$ ,  $f \in H$  being  
the characteristic functional of some probability distribu-  
tion of  $H$ . These are:  $\int \|f\|^2 dP < +\infty$  and the continuity $\chi(t)$  in the  $\gamma$  topology. For the functional  $\chi(f)$  to be  
the characteristic functional of probability distribution  $P$   
in such  $H$  that the first condition is satisfied, it is  
necessary and sufficient that the following are also satis-  
fied: (i)  $\chi(f)$  positive,  $\chi(\theta) = 1$ , (ii)  $\chi(f)$  continuous,  
(iii)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_{nn} < +\infty$ , where  $a_{nn} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^n dF^n(x)$ ,  $F^n(x)$  -  
distribution  $R^1$  with the characteristic function

Card 1/3

SOV/52-3-2-8/10

## On Characteristic Functionals

$\varphi_n(t) = \chi(te_n)$ . Examples: (a) If  $\chi(f)$  = positive, and  
 $\sum_m \sigma_m^2 < +\infty$  then  $a_{mm} = \sigma_m^2$  and  $\chi(f)$  = characteristic

function of the distribution. (b) A normal distribution  $H$  can be called the distribution of characteristic functional if

$$\chi(f) = e^{-\frac{1}{2}im(f)} \quad \text{where } m\text{-linear functional,}$$

S-linear symmetrical, non-negative, continuous operator. Of the second condition for the functional  $\chi(f)$  to be considered as the characteristic functional of probability distribution  $H$ , it is necessary and sufficient to satisfy the following conditions: (i)  $\chi(f)$  positive,  $\chi(\theta) = 1$ , (ii)  $\chi(f)$  continuous at  $\theta$  in  $\mathcal{Y}$ -topology. The necessary condition of the weak compactness of the set  $(P_\alpha)$  distributed as  $R^n$  is the continuity of the characteristic function  $\chi(t, P_\alpha)$  at zero point. If  $(P_\alpha)$  is a set of the distribution  $H$  and the characteristic functional is

Card 2/3

SOV/52-3-2-8/10

On Characteristic Functionals

continuous at  $\theta$  in  $\mathcal{Y}$ -topology, then the set  $(P_\alpha)$  is of weak compactness. There are 7 references, of which 1 is Soviet, 3 French and 3 English.

SUBMITTED: March 20, 1958.

Card 3/3

SAZONOV, V.

V 680 Cygni. V.Sazonov. Astron.tsir. no.208:21-22 Ja '60.  
(MIRA 13:11)

1. Otdel peremenykh zvezd Moskovskogo otdeleniya Vsesoyuznogo  
astronomo-geodezicheskogo obshchestva.  
(Stars, Variable)

YANUSHKOVSKIY, G.; SAVONOV, V.

School as a front runner of socialist competition. Prof.-tekhn.  
obr. 18 no.10:24 0 '61. (MIRA 14:11)  
(litsensk--Farm mechanization--Study and teaching)  
(Socialist competition)

Sazonov, V. (N)

(Lieutenant Colonel, Regimental Commander)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0395/65/000/022/0032/0036

ORG: None

TITLE: Training young officers to be tank gunnery experts

SOURCE: Kommunist vooruzhennykh sil, no. 22, 1965, 32-36

TOPIC TAGS: gunnery training, specialized training, training ammunition, training area, training procedure, military tank, military personnel, ordnance personnel

ABSTRACT: The role of the officer in training tank crews, and the importance of proper training, is discussed on the assumption that the goal of any activity, in the classroom or in the field, is to impart knowledge essential for use in battle to the trainee. Officers must have thorough knowledge of the subject before they can properly conduct such training so they must study independently in order to become familiar with the latest scientific, technical and training developments. The training schedule must be strictly observed and attempts made to increase the role of tank commanders in training crews. The tank firing range, for example, is equipped with tank hulls placed on rocking frames and with training turrets (some of which are moveable), and is mechanized and electrified so that by firing sub-caliber rounds simulated tank gunnery training can be conducted using targets which are located at

12  
SUB CODE:

SAZONOV, V.

Variable EW 114 Cygni. Astron.tsir. no.219:25 Mr '61.  
(MIRA 14:10)

1. Otdel peremennykh zvezd Moskovskogo otdeleniya Vsesoyuznogo  
astronomo-geodezicheskogo obshchestva.  
(Stars, Variable)

SAZONOV, V.

Specification of the elements of eclipsing variable V 729 Cygni.  
(MIRA 15:3)  
Astron.tsir. no.223:26-27 Jl '61.

1. Otdel peremennyykh zvezd Moskovskogo otdeleniya Vsesoyuznogo  
astronomo-geodezicheskogo obshchestva.  
(Stars, Variable)

SAZONOV, V.

V 393 Cygni. Per.zvezdy 13 no.4:302-303 Mr '61. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Otdel peremennykh zvezd Moskovskogo otdeleniya Vsesoyuznogo  
astronomo-geodezicheskogo obshchestva.  
(Stars, Variable)

SAZONOV, V.

Uninvestigated variables BV 114 Cygni. Per.zvezdy 13 no.6:440-  
442 '61.  
(MIRA 16:9)

1. Otdel peremennnykh zvezd Moskovskogo otdeleniya Vsesoyuznogo  
astronomo-geodezicheskogo obshchestva.  
(Stars, Variable)

SAZONOV, V.

V729 Cygni. Per.zvezdy 13 no.6:445-446 '61. (MIRA 16:9)

Otdel peremennykh zvezd Moskovskogo otdeleniya Vsesoyuznogo  
astronomo-geodesicheskogo obshchestva.  
(Stars, Variable)

SAZONOV, V.

HK Lyrae. Per. zvezdy 14 no.2:129-131 Je '62.

(MIRA 17:2)

1. Otdel peremennykh zvezd Moskovskogo otdeleniya Vsesoyuznogo astronomo-geodezicheskogo obshchestva.

SAZONOV, V.A.

AUTHOR: SAZONOV, V.A., SEREBRYAKOV, E.P., and KOVALEVA, L.S. "20-6-31/59".  
TITLE: Production and Analytical Properties of Tetra ( $\alpha$ -Thienyl) Boric  
and Tetra (p-Anisyl) Boric Salts of Alkali Metals.  
(Sintez i analiticheskiye svoystva tetra( $\alpha$ -tienil) bornykh i tetra  
(p-anizil) bornykh soley shchelochnykh metallov. Russian).  
PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol 113, Nr 6, pp 1295-1298  
(U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT: It is known that tetraphenylboronsodium has in recent times been used as reagent for potassium ion. Caesium- and rubidium ions are also precipitated by it. These salts of potassium, rubidium, and caesium are only to a small extent soluble in water. A simple production method of tetraphenylboronsodium was suggested by A.N. Nesmeyenov and one of the authors: the action of bromphenylmagnesium on sodiumboronfluoride. Also potassiumboronfluoride reacts easily with the magnesiumorganic compounds and forms corresponding tetraboric-aryl-salts. The reaction is also possible in the heterocyclic series. In the present paper new potassium-rubidium-, caesium-, and thallium salts are described which can become interesting for analytical chemistry. It is shown that when using the tetrathienylboranion a separation method for caesium and probably a quantitative thallium determination is possible. In the case of an action of iodine- $\alpha$ -thienylmagnesium on potassiumboronfluoride tetra ( $\alpha$ -

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20-6-31/59

Production and Analytical Properties of Tetra (*o*-Thienyl) Boric  
and Tetra (*p*-Anisyl) Boric Salts of Alkali Metals.

thienyl) bor-potassium is formed which, in contrast to tetraphenylborpotassium, is soluble in water. One of the most important properties of the former is the precipitation capacity of caesium- and rubidium atoms from aqueous solutions whereby reactions are not disturbed by lithium- and sodium ions. Constants of solubility in water in dependence on the temperature of the mentioned boric salts are given. The great solubility difference of the potassium- and caesium salts makes it possible to use the mentioned substance for determination and separation of caesium and other alkali metals. In the first report delivered by the authors the reaction of bromine-*n*-anisylmagnesium with  $KBF_4$  was described which leads to tri-(*n*-anisyl) boron which was separated as ammoniacate. Later it was observed that some ammonium- and pyridinium-tetra-arylboron-ammoniates cannot be separated but the corresponding tri-arylbor-ammoniacates and -pyridinates are immediately formed. Tetraphenylborammonium and -pyridinium, however, can be separated in a pure state. In this the authors succeeded by the application of the aforementioned method. Tetra-(*p*-anisyl) borpotassium forms with cations of the quaternary ammonium salts corresponding salts. In the case of ammonium- and pyridinium salts, however, ammoniacate

Card 2/3

20-6-31/59

Production and Analytical Properties of Tetra ( $\alpha$ -Thienyl) Boric  
and Tetra (p-Anisyl) Boric Salts of Alkali Metals.

and pyridinate are immediately obtained. In the experimental part  
individual reactions with methods, yields, and constants are gi-  
ven. (5 Slavic references).

ASSOCIATION: Moscow State University "M.V. Lomonosov"  
PRESENTED BY: NESMEYANOV, A.N., Member of the Academy.  
SUBMITTED: 24 October 1956  
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3

SAZONOV, V.A.

Level for direct reading of absolute signs. Podzem. gaz. ugl.  
(MIRA 11:?)  
no. 2:76-78 '58.

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Podzemgaz.  
(Mine surveying)  
(Leveling)

TURCHANINOV, I.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; SAZONOV, V.A., inzh.

Peculiar features of the gasification of a coal seam and of the  
displacement of overlying rock in connection with underground  
gasification at the Shatskaya Coal Mine. Podzem. gaz. ugl. no.3:  
11-16 '58. (MIRA 11:10)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Podzemgaz.  
(Moscow Basin--Coal gasification, Underground)

SERBIN, V.I.; BERESNEVICH, P.V.; ANDRYUSHCHENKO, A.V.; SAZONOV, V.A.;  
SHESTOKOV, M.M.

Experience in waste stacking in the zones of caving of operating  
mines. Gor. zhur. no.10:41-45 O '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Institut Krivbassprojekt (for Serbin, Beresnevich, Andryushchenko).
2. TSentral'nyy gornoobogatitel'nyy kombinat (for Sazonov, Shestakov).

3(4)

SOV/6-59-7-5/25

AUTHORS: Polezhayev, V. I., Sazonov, V. A., Salomatin, S. A.

TITLE: On the Personnel of the North-Caucasus Aerogeodetic Service  
(O lyudyakh Severo-Kavkazskogo aerogeodezicheskogo predpriyatiya)

PERIODICAL: Geodeziya i kartografiya, 1959, Nr 7, pp 21 - 24 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The enterprise mentioned in the title was established in January 1945. It disposes of a photographic laboratory, a photogrammetric and a stereotopographic workshop, as well as of highly qualified cooperators. A survey of the meritorious cooperators is given here. Aleksey Ivanovich Kayukov, Chief Technician, has built signals since 1925. One of the most highly qualified engineers is the Land Surveyor Pavel Ivanovich Kolin'ko who has worked since 1930. Aleksey Yevgen'yevich Garbarev has worked in the field since 1931. Aleksandr Nikolayevich Il'in, Topographer, started his activity in 1924, and is at present Chief Engineer Inspector in the department for technical control. Ivan Tikhonovich Velikanov, Topographer, has been working 25 years in the field. Vladimir Georgiyevich Tkachev has worked as a Topographer since 1931. Yevgeniy Nikolayevich Vasyutkin has been working 25 years, including some years in the Taiga

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On the Personnel of the North-Caucasus Aerogeodetic Service SOV/6-59-7-5/25

of the Soviet Far East. His work is described in the book by G. A. Fedoseyev. The leaders of the largest parties of the department are Yu. N. Bochkov and M. I. Kalganov. Among the young cooperators, the following are mentioned: Margarita Dement'yevna Dubrova has worked for 5 years and is the best Topographer of the enterprise. She completed her studies at the Leningradskiy topograficheskiy tekhnikum (Leningrad Topographical Plant). The pupils of the Tbilisskiy topograficheskiy tekhnikum (Tbilisi Topographical Plant), the Members of the Komsomol Genrikh Grigor'yevich Ozhegov and Valentina Grigor'yevna Ozhegova have become the best cooperators within 5 years. At present, they are studying at a university. Yevgeniy Andreyevich Pavlyukov, Topographer, attended the course of topographers in 1954. Engineer Petr Nikolayevich Pronchenko attended the MIIGAiK in 1956, conducted a party since 1958, and is at present Chief Engineer of the topographical department. Valeriy Mikhaylovich Izvekov attended the L'vovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (L'vov Polytechnical Plant) and has been a party leader since 1959. Mikhail Petrovich Galkin attended the Kiyevskiy topograficheskiy tekhnikum (Kiyev Topo-

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On the Personnel of the North-Caucasus Aerogeodetic Service SOV/6-59-7-5/25

graphical School). Mariya Selivanovna Abramova, Topographer, attended the same school in 1956. V. M. Filippova, G. A. Yurkova, V. S. Mel'nikova, K. F. Ovsyannikova, and T. B. Malakhova have worked for over 10 years as draftswomen in the final compilation of topographic maps. More than 120 topographer-technicians, draftsmen and other cooperators are studying at the correspondence secondary schools and universities, such as: Yu. M. Nikitin, Chief-Topographer, L. N. Nikitina, Map Editor, V. M. Sapatova, Technician, Yu. N. Vostrikov, Technician. The following persons have already completed their studies: Comrade A. G. Kariy, P. F. Dobritsa, L. Ye. Mikhaylov, I. I. Belyakov, V. K. Shevchenko, Ye. I. Demeshko, B. G. Telezhkin attended the Kiyevskiy topograficheskiy tekhnikum (Kiyev Topographical School). G. A. Chernova, Chief-Technician, attended the Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Leningrad State University)

Card 3/3

SAZONOV, V.D.

Zinkenite from the Ziddi arsenic deposit (Gissar Range). Izv. Otd.  
geol.-khim. i tekhn. nauk AN Tadzh.SSR 1:91-96 '60. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Institut geologii AN Tadzhikskoy SSR.  
(Gissar Range--Zinkenite)

SAZONOV, V.D.

Absolute hardness of some hypogene minerals from skarn-complex  
ore deposits of Kurusay (western Karamazar Mountains). Dokl.  
AN Tadzh. SSR 3 no.3:15-19 '60. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Institut geologii AN Tadzhikskoy SSR. Predstavleno chlenom-  
korrespondentom AN Tadzhikskoy SSR. Predstavлено членом-корреспон-  
дентом АН Таджикской ССР Р.Б. Баратовым.  
(Kurusay region—Minerals—Testing)

SAZONOV, V.D.

Determination of the formation temperatures of sphalerites based  
on the iron content in them. Trudy Inst.geol. AN Tadzh. SSR 4:  
215-233 '61. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Institut geologii AN Tadzhikskoy SSR.  
(Sphalerite)

SHAPENKOV, M.P.; SAZONOV, V.D.

Method of adjusting extrusion heads for profiling articles.  
Plast.massy no.1:69-71 '63. (MIRA 16:2)  
(Extrusion (Plastics))

SAZONOV, V.D.

Geochemical and physicochemical characteristics of the processes  
of hypogenic mineralization in the Kurusay ore zone. Report No.1:  
Pneumatolytic epoch. Trudy Inst.geol.An Tadzh.SSR 6:137-164 '62.  
(MIRA 16:5)

(Kara-Mazar Mountains—Mineralogy)

SAZONOV, V.D.

Skolite formation in granitoids near the Gaymak-kan arsenic  
and complex ore deposit in the Karamazar Mountains. Dokl.  
AN SSSR 152 no.2:411-413 S '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Institut geologii AN TadzhSSR. Predstavлено akademikom  
D.S. Korzhinskim.

SAZONOV, V.D.

Geochemical and physicochemical characteristics of supergene  
mineralization processes in the Kurusay ore zone. Trudy Inst.  
geol. AN Tadzh. SSR 8:182-218 '64.

(MIRA 17:11)

SAZONOV, V.D.

Increase of lead and zinc bonding force with the depth of ore bodies  
in the Kansay region. Sov. geol. 7 no.12:115-118 D '64. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Tadzhikskiy institut geologii Gosudarstvennogo geologicheskogo  
komiteta SSSR.

SAZONOV V. G.

Sazonov V. G. Sbornik instruktsiy k laboratornym rabotam po razdelu teorii regulirovaniya obshchego kursa "Avtomlicheskoye regulirovaniye teplosilovykh ustanovok" [Instruction Manual for Laboratory Work of the Regulation Theory Division of the General Course "Automatic Regulation of Heat Power Plants"], Moscow, 1953, 26 pages, 3 figures (USSR Ministry of Culture, V. M. Molotov Energy Institute of Moscow).

SAZONOV V. G.

Sazonov V. G., "Diapason of Regulation and Rigidity of Mechanical Characteristics of the Motor in Generator-motor Systems with Reverse Connections for Voltage," in the book Raschet i konstruirovaniye zavodskogo oborudovaniya [Design and Construction of Factory Equipment], Moscow, Mashgiz, 1953, Pages 139-147, 3 figures; bibliography, 1 item (Urals Polytechnic Institute, Issue 48).

SAZONOV, V.G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Control range and stability of the mechanical characteristics of  
motors in generator--voltage-feedback motor systems. Sbor.st.  
Ural.politekh.inst. no.48:139-147 '53. (MLRA 9:3)  
(Machine tools--Electric driving) (Electric generators)

SOV/129-59-1-7/17

AUTHORS: Mironov, L.V., Engineer, Sazonov, V.G., Candidate of Technical Sciences, Levitin, V.V., Engineer and Rodigin, N.M., Candidate of Physico-mathematical Sciences

TITLE: Influence of Electric Heating on the Properties of Cold-rolled Stainless Steels (Vliyaniye elektronagreva na svoystva kholodnokatanykh nerzhaveyushchikh stalej)

PERIODICAL: Metallovedeniye i Termicheskaya Obrabotka Metallov, 1959, Nr 1, pp 26 - 30 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The influence was studied of electric annealing of the cold-rolled steels 1Kh18N9, 1Kh18N9T and Kh13N4G9 on their mechanical properties, the recrystallisation processes and the resistance of these steels against intercrystallite corrosion. The compositions and the main data of these steels are entered in Table 1, p 26. The specimens were heated with speeds of 100, 300, 600 and 1 000 °C/sec up to 900-1 400 °C and immediately after that were cooled in air. From thus-treated strips (20 x 200 mm), specimens for mechanical tests were prepared. The results of tensile tests are graphed in Figure 1, p 27 and it can be seen that the desired mechanical properties can be ensured by electric heating with speeds of 100 to 1 000 °C/sec without subsequent

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SOV/129-59-1-7/17

Influence of Electric Heating on the Properties of Cold-rolled  
Stainless Steels

holding at the particular temperature. The optimum properties are obtained after heating to 1 150 - 1 200 °C. In Figure 2, p 28, microphotos are reproduced of the structure of the steel 1Kh18N9T after annealing with electric heating as well as with ordinary heating. On the basis of the results of investigations of the resistance of materials to intercrystallite corrosion, the authors conclude that the process of recrystallisation of cold-rolled austenitic stainless steels, under conditions pertaining to electric heating, proceeds with a very high speed but at a higher temperature than in the case of ordinary heating: softening and the desired mechanical properties of the steels 1Kh18N9, 1Kh18N9T and Kh13N4G9 at heating speeds of 100 - 1 000 °C/sec are attained at 1 150 - 1 200 °C. On the basis of corrosion studies, it is concluded that the necessary resistance against intercrystallite corrosion can be ensured with any of the investigated heating speeds for steels 1Kh18N9 and Kh13N4G9 and with heating speeds of 100 and 300 °C/sec in

Card2/3

SOV/129-59-1-7/17

Influence of Electric Heating on the Properties of Cold-rolled  
Stainless Steels

in the case of the steel 1Kh18N9T; if higher heating  
speeds are used, the carbon in this steel has to be  
combined first into titanium carbide.

There are 4 figures, 2 tables and 6 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATIONS: Ural'skiy institut chernykh metallov (Ural Institute  
of Ferrous Metals) and  
Institut fiziki metallov UFAN (Institute of Physics  
of Metals of the Ural Branch of the Ac.Sc.)

Card 3/3

L 9828-66 EWA(h)

ACC NR: AP6003970

SOURCE CODE: UR/0104/65/000/005/0093/0093

AUTHOR: Sarkisov, M. A.; Rokotyan, S. S.; Uspenskiy, B. S.; Sharov, A. N.; 18  
Zhulin, I. V.; Fedoseyev, A. M.; Korolev, M. A.; Khevfits, M. E.; Yermolenko, V. M.; 50  
Petrov, S. Ya.; Azar'yev, D. I.; Krikunchik, A. B.; Polyakov, I. P.; Sazonov, V. I.; 18  
Khvoshchinskaya, Z. G.; Kartsev, V. L.; Smelyanskaya, B. Ya.; Kozhin, A. N.; 18  
Losev, S. B.; Dorodnova, T. N.; Rubinchik, V. A.; Smirnov, E. P.; Rudman, A. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Abram Borisovich Chernin

SOURCE: Elektricheskiye stantsii, no. 5, 1965, 93

TOPIC TAGS: electric engineering, electric engineering personnel

ABSTRACT: An engineer since 1929, A. B. Chernin has worked for years in developing new techniques and equipment for relay protection of electric power systems. In this 60th birthday tribute, he is credited with leading the group which produced the directives on relay protection, contributing to the development of a method for calculating transient processes in long distance 400-500 kv power transmission lines and with aiding in planning of the electric portions of power stations, substations and power systems. The results of his engineering and scientific work have been published 46 times, he is a doctor of technical sciences (since 1963), and has taught for 30 years at the Moscow Power Institute. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: none

HW  
Card 1/1

SAMCIOV, V. V.:

SAMCIOV, V. V.: "Biochemical changes in the preserved blood of cattle and horses." Min Higher Education USSR. Khar'kov Veterinary Inst. Omsk, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Biological Sciences)

So: Knizhnaya Detal'nost' No 36, 1956. Moscow.

LEBEDEV, L.A., prof.; SAZONOV, V.M., kand.biol.nauk

New optimal media for the prolonged preservation of stored cattle  
and horse blood. Veterinariia 35 no.5:90-97 My '58. (MIRA 12:1)

1. Omskiy veterinarnyy institut.  
(Blood--Collection and preservation)

L 07049-67 LWT(1)/EEG(k) 2/EWP(k) IJP(c) WG/GG  
ACCE NR: AR6027128 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0311/66/000/006/0022/0024

AUTHOR: Vol'kenshteyn, A. A. (Candidate of technical sciences); Yefremov, V. P.  
(Engineer); Kuvaldin, E. V. (Engineer); Matveyeva, O. K. (Engineer); Sazonov, V. M.  
(Engineer)

ORG: None

TITLE: Photometric equipment for pulsed light sources

SOURCE: Svetotekhnika, no. 6, 1966, 22-24

TOPIC TAGS: photometer, light pulse, laser pulsation, flash lamp

ABSTRACT: A unit for photometric measurement of pulsed light sources is described. This unit consists of three instruments: an FIL photometer for flash lamps, an FML-m photometer for lasers and a KOS standard light pulse generator. The FIL photometer may be used for measuring nearly all types of industrial flash tubes and the FML-m is used for measuring the radiation from free-emission lasers. The KOS instrument generates reproducible standard light pulses and is used for calibration of the two photometers. Photographs of each of the component instruments are given together with brief descriptions. The flash tube photometer may be used for measuring the luminous intensity of a light source with a maximum transverse dimension of 110 mm. The fundamental scale of the instrument has graduations of 100 candles/div,  $10^5$  nits/div and

Card 1/2

UDC: 535.242.2

L 07949-67

ACC NR: AP6027128

10<sup>-3</sup> ca·sec/div. These graduations may be expanded by five orders of magnitude for measuring higher intensities by changing the resistance of the load on the photocell or by using neutral light filters. The time characteristics of the instrument are: least resolved duration of the leading front -- 5·10<sup>-7</sup> sec, pulse duration -- no more than 10<sup>-2</sup> sec. The approximate value of a graduation on the FML-m photometer is 10 w and 10<sup>-4</sup> Joules per unit of the reference scale. The upper limits of measurement are 10<sup>8</sup> w and 10<sup>3</sup> Joules. The unit may be used for laser measurements in the 400-1100 mu spectral region. The time resolution of the photocell is a few tenths of a microsecond. The KOS instrument generates pulses with a duration of approximately 3 usec and a luminous intensity of 200,000 ca. The authors consider it their pleasant duty to mention the considerable part played by N. F. Shipul', L. I. Mel'nikova, R. V. Tsyvkin, V. M. Shpan'koy and V. N. Kornilov in development of this photometric equipment. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.

SUB CODE: 13, 20/ SUBM DATE: None/ ORIG REF: 005

Card 2/2

GROMAKOVSKIY, P.I., dotsent; GRINYK, M.A., assistent; SAZONOV, V.N., assistent.

The preparation bics in veterinary practice. Veterinariia 33 no.7:  
74-77 Jl '56. (MIRA 9:9)

1. Veterinarnyy fakul'tet Odesskogo sel'skokhozyzstvennogo instituta.  
(Vitamins--B) (Veterinary medicine)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001447510019-9

KOGAN, G.I.; SAZONOV, V.N.

Grinding elliptoid teeth of spur gear wheels. Stan. i instr. 36  
(MIRA 18:10)  
no.9-10-13 S '65.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001447510019-9"

KUKLIN, N.V.; SAZONOV, V.N.

Characteristics of the distribution of granite pegmatites in the  
Urals. Mat.po geol.i pol.iskop.Urala no.10:99-106 '62.  
(MIRA 16:2)

(Ural Mountains—Pegmatites)

SAZONOV, V.P., inzh.

Use of plastics in marine engineering (from foreign publications). Sudostroenie 25 no.9:61-63 S '59.  
(MIRA 12:12)

(Marine engineering) (Plastics)

V. P. SAZONOV

"Perfection of a Measuring Apparatus for Investigation of  
Electromagnetic Fields by the High-Resistance Probe Method and Analysis of the Method  
of Small Disturbing Bodies" from Annotations of Works Completed in 1955 at the  
State Union Sci.Res. Inst: Min. of Radio Engineering Ind.

So: B-3,080,964

V. P. SAZONOV and M.M. SBITNEVA

"Investigation of Electromagnetic Fields in Some Complex Systems"  
from Annotations of Works Completed in 1955 at the State Union Sci. Res. Inst. Min.  
of Radio Engineering Ind.

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S A N O N U V . P.

SUBMITTED: December 7, 1957 SOV/109-3-22/23

AUTHORS: Golubkov, P.V. and Tsitaring, Sh. Ye.  
The Second All-Union Conference on Radioelectronics of  
the Ministry of Higher Education of the USSR (Vtoraya  
vsesoyuznaya konferentsiya MTO ESSR po radioelektronike)

New Item

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, 1958, Vol. 3, Nr. 3.

PP 440 - 444 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The conference took place during September 25 - 29, 1957, at Saratovskiy Gosudarstvennyi Universitet imeni N.G. Chornyshevskogo (Saratov State University named N.G. Chornyshevskiy). Apart from the universities, the conference was attended by the representatives of some scientific research institutes of the Soviet and Ukrainian Academies of Science, various industrial establishments and the interested ministries. This arrangement stimulated the discussion and evaluation of the papers presented and permitted the determination of plans for the future research in the field of radioelectronics.

A.I. Shtrayr proposed (and proved by means of the "cold" reciprocity theorem) an interference method of the measurement of delay systems. The method permits the measurement of electrical non-homogeneities of delay systems. Gives a high accuracy and requires comparatively little effort. The paper "Production of Periodic Structures by Means of Ultrasonic Waves" by Ye.M. Gershenson was devoted to the experimental investigation of an interesting application of periodic structures, i.e. a regular waveguide filled with a liquid in which an ultrasonic standing wave was excited. V.P. Sazanov described the results of an investigation of the distribution of electric fields in a number of important delay systems (comb, stub systems, etc.) by means of two methods (probe with a high resistance input) and small perturbing objects. The author also obtained the distributions of tangential components of electric fields along certain boundary surfaces, which are of considerable interest. In a number of cases the author also measured the coupling impedance. Some of the lectures were devoted to the problems of direction patterns of antennae. Here one should mention the papers by Ye.N. Vasilev and S.M. Yerzhanin, dealing with the excitation of the solidifier revolution. The analysis of the oscillations in TV-type and corrodial volume resonators in and in T-type and cross-shaped waveguides was given in the papers by V.L. Petrushov and V.K. Sadykh, respectively. A number of the papers in the Electroymagnetic Section deal with the complex phenomena appearing at the junctions of waveguides. Here it is necessary to mention the paper by L.A. Dubrovilova and M.W. Rayner. Moreover, the problem of Construction of Certain Widespread Matching Devices by Ye.V. Loidl'sky and V.D. Luchinin and the Measurement of the Parameters of the Energy Outputs in Devices by Yu.S. Seleznev and A.S. Kuznetsov are mentioned. The paper "A Symmetrical Transformer" by U.H.F. Devices by V. Kuznetsov of the Institute of Radioelectronics of the USSR Academy of Sciences is mentioned. The behaviour of various substances in electromagnetic fields at U.H.F. was discussed in the papers of O.V. Karpova, U.P. Redin, I.A. Shukhman, A.I. Pilaschikov, A.L. Perlinson, H.B. Seleznev, A.I. Kuznetsov and A.A. Kuznetsov.

The paper of N.G. Basov and his collaborators described the principle of operation of a molecular clock having an accuracy of  $10^{-9}$ . The effect of the potential barrier on the propagation of the molecular radiation in high-frequency fields was given in the papers of V.M. Palygin and V. A. Ruzicka. The motion of the molecules in Strong High-Frequency Fields and the Spontaneous Radiation of Molecules Ultra-High-Frequencies. In the second of the above papers, the author came to the conclusion that the width of the spectral line of spontaneous radiation at U.H.F. is finite. The author proposed a classical model for the phenomenon of coherence in the spontaneous radiation.

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Date (9/16)

SOV/142-38-4-29/30

AUTHOR: Stolyarov, A.G.

TITLE: All-Union Session Marking "Radio Day" (Vsesoyuznaya nauchnaya sessiya, posvyashchennaya "Dnyu Radio")

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Vsesoюзных научных заведений - Radiotekhnika, 1958, № 4, pp. 517-521 (USSR).

**ABSTRACT:** During the Period May 16-17, 1958, an All-Union Scientific Session was held in Moscow, devoted to "Radio Day". It was organized by the Scientific Technical A.S. Popov Association for Radio-Engineering and Electro-Communications. 200 papers were read at the session, 25 in the field of information theory and more than 20 in the field of research on electronic devices dealing with theoretical/experimental research on electronic equipment. V.I. Surogov spoke on "The Transmission Capacity of Single-Ray and Multi-Ray Communication Channels". L.I. Philippov looked at the potential interference resistance of an ideal radio receiver. D.A. Korkik spoke on "The Transmission System of Electric Signals by the Optimal Code of Shannon-Fano". Ye. Sizharov and B.S. Perel'man discussed "The Successive Analysis Method in Equipment for Determining Weak Interference Harmonics in Non-Definite Signal Phase". V.A. Kashulin and G.A. Shustakov discussed "The Optimal Frequency Selection of Telemeasuring Systems with Regard to Interference Resistance". B.S. Plyayman spoke on the question of creating an optimal code - in the Shannon conception - in the case of a binary symmetrical channel. I.Z. Bondarenko discussed "The Method of Creating Several Ideas with a Simple Base". In the field of electronics, P.A. Tarasov spoke on "Broad Band Electron Ray Tubes for Observation and Recording of Electric Impulses for Ultra-High Frequencies" and V.P. Radchenko on "The Question of the Practical Utilization of the Cathode Net". G.P. Semenov, V.P. Slobodyanyuk, M. N. Slobodyanyuk, and A.G. Bondarenko examined "The Application of High-Dish Funtion Examining Electronics" radiating with in resonators and wave guides.

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During the Session there was a discussion of oscillatory energy sources. M.B. Gorain discussed "Modulated According to Density". M.B. Gorain discussed a negative cylinder with a wide range of electron adjustment. S.I. Bychikov gave an approximate description of electron displacement and characteristics of the magnetron under conditions of high amplitude oscillations. A.I. Tereshchenko spoke on "The Influence of Various Factors on a Critical Magnetic Magnetron Field with a Grid".

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During the Session there was a discussion of oscillatory energy sources. M.B. Gorain spoke on "Non-linear Television Bridges Methods of Combining the Outputs of Several Generators".

On "Non-Linear Oscillations in Radio Engineering" M. Slobodyanyuk, V.A. Kurnosov, and G.L. Sushkov spoke on "The Electromagnetic Radiation in Systems Not Conditioned by the Theory of Reciprocity in the Ultra-High Frequency Range".

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VASIL'YEV, B.G., inzh.; MALYSHEV, A.S., inzh.; SAZONOV, V.P., inzh.

Use of synthetic materials in ship piping and systems. Sudostroenie 30  
no.8:55-58 Ag '64. (MIRA 18:7)

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Monograph

UR/

Silin, Robert Andreyevich; Sazonov, Vilior Pavlovich

Delay structures (Zamedlyayushchiye sistemy) Moscow, "Sovetskoye radio," 1966. 631 p. illus., biblio. Errata slip inserted. 4600 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: delay circuit, propagation, waveguide, waveguide element, superhigh frequency

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book is intended for scientists, engineers, and students concerned with super-highfrequency (SHF) techniques, radio physics, the design of linear acceleration systems using SHF delay lines and antennas, and solid state physics. The properties of unidimensional and two-dimensional periodic delay structures used in SHF devices are presented and the methods of their calculation described. Formulas, tables and graphs facilitating the design of delay structures are given. Materials published in the Soviet and non-Soviet press have been used in the book. Chapters I, II, III, VII—XV and appendices I, II, X—XVIII were written by R. A. Silin; chapters IV—VI, XVI and appendices III—IX were written by V. P. Sazonov; §7, Ch. III was written jointly by the authors. O. N. Aristarkhova, G. V. Kurilov, L. A. Pinchuk, Z. N. Pasechnik, M. I. Poygina, I. Sh. Beluga and S. S. Samokhin participated in the measurements and processing of the results. Z. D. Kovtunova assisted

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in calculating of the concrete systems and in editing the manuscript. I. Sh. Beluga, V. M. Dashenkov, V. N. Ivanov, V. S. Il'yin, V. P. Kiryushin, Yu. A. Kovalev, B. P. Kutenin, V. M. Lopukhin, V. S. Mikhalevskiy provided comments and advice. References follow each chapter.

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Card. 3/3

1. RODDATIS, K. F.; SHAPKIN, I. F.; SAZONOV, V. R.; KUZENTSOV, N. I.
2. USSR (600)
4. Steam boilers
7. Results of testing a small capacity, two-drum, vertical waste-tube boiler, Energ. viul., No. 1, 1953.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April, 1953, Uncl.

RODDATIS, K. F., SHAFIN, I. F., SAZONOV, V. R., KUZHNEV, N. I.

Steam Boilers

Examining internal processes of a two-drum, vertical water-tube boiler of small capacity.  
Energ. biul. No. 3, 1953.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress  
June 1953. UNCL.

SOV/96-59-8-24/27

AUTHOR: Sazonov, V.R., Engineer

TITLE: Boiler Set PK-40-100 SP-640/140

PERIODICAL: Teploenergetika 1959, Nr 8, pp 90-91 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The Podolskiy works imeni Ordzhonikidze and the Moscow Division of the Central Boiler Turbine Institute have designed a once-through boiler with an output of 640 tons per hour at a pressure of 140 atms and super-heated steam temperature of 570°C, with one gas reheat to a temperature of 570°C at 27 atms. The boiler is intended for operation as a unit with turbine type PVK-200 (200 MW) and is designed for burning hard coal of high humidity. Two variants of the design have been prepared: double and single inverted-U. The main design characteristics at full load and the leading weights and dimensions for both variants are given in Table 1. The double inverted-U variant is first described with particular reference to the arrangement of the super-heaters, the steam-water duct, super-heat temperature control, steam scrubbing devices and method of starting. The single inverted-U set is then described;

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Boiler Set PK-40-100 SP-640/140

there are differences in the arrangement of the steam-water duct and in the method of temperature control. Information about the diameters and grades of steel tubes used in the heating surfaces are given in Table 2. Soot-blowing and draught arrangements are briefly mentioned. The designs have been considered by the Technical Council of the Ministry of Power Station Construction and by the Technical-Economic Council of the Moscow District Council of National Economy and it has been decided to endorse the double inverted-U variant, subject to certain improvements. There are 2 tables.

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RODDATIS, K.F. (Moskva); Prinimal uchastiye: SAZONOV, V.R.

Questions on the use of natural gas in large thermal electric power  
plants. Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. tekhn.nauk. Energ. i avtom. no.4:53-58  
Jl-Ag '60. (MIRA 13:8)  
(Electric power plants) (Gas, Natural)